Equality Impact Assessment

Hoyland West Masterplan Framework

Stage 1 Details of the proposal

Name of service

Place

Directorate

Culture and Housing

Name of officer responsible for EIA

Name of senior sponsor

Lucie McCarthy
Joe Jenkinson

Description / purpose of proposal

Consultant to produce Hoyland West Masterplan Framework for BMBC and for 6 week public consultation period to be undertaken by BMBC which will feed information back into the masterplan framework to inform future development.

Date EIA started

23/12/19

Assessment Review date

01/02/2020

Stage 2 - About the proposal

What is being proposed?

As part of the development of the Masterplan framework, BMBC will undertake a 6 week public consultation will be held. The consultation period will include dedicated webpages on the council website, hosting the proposed masterplan information, online questionnaire and monitoring form, consultation events with paper copy information and questionnaires and monitoring forms offering the opportunity to speak to the consultants and council officers. The information will also be made available in hard copy in local libraries. The results of the public consultation period will then feed into the masterplan framework.

Why is the proposal required?

The Barnsley Local Plan was adopted in January 2019 and provides local planning policy to 2033. Some of the site allocations require the production of a Masterplan Framework. When completed, the masterplan framework should be robust enough to clearly influence and coordinate future planning applications, conditions and Section 106/Section 278 obligations. A public consultation exercise is important as it enables the existing community to be included in development future housing plans for the area.

What will this proposal mean for customers?

The public consultation period seeks the opinion of residents and businesses on the proposals set out in the Masterplan.

Stage 3 - Preliminary screening process

Use the Preliminary screening questions (found in the guidance) to decide whether a full EIA is required x Yes - EIA required (go to next section) No - EIA not required (provide rationale below including name of E&I Officer consulted with)

Stage 4 - Scoping exercise - What do we know?

Data: Generic demographics

What generic data do you know?

For Rockingham Ward it is known that 98.5% of the population is white. 0.4% of households within the ward have no people with English as a main language. 70% of residents have a religion with Christianity being the most popular.

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What equalities knowledge do you already know about the service/location/policy/contract?

Data: Previous / similar EIA's

Has there already been an EIA on all or part of this before, or something related? If so, what were the main issues and actions it identified?

EIA's have been undertaken during the Hoyland North Masterplan Framework and Barnsley West Masterplan Framework. These masterplan frameworks have recently been formally adopted by the council. An EIA has been prepared for the Hoyland South Masterplan framework which is also in the Rockingham Ward, these will be updated as work progresses on both masterplan frameworks and cross referenced.

Data: Formal consultation

What information has been gathered from formal consultation?

We asked the following equality, diversity and inclusion questions to help us better understand the impact of the changes:

- 1. Do you agree with the vision of the Masterplan Framework which seeks to create a sustainable and inclusive community with high quality design and landscaping?
- 2. The Council will assess planning applications to ensure that an appropriate mix of housing is delivered. What kind of homes do you think the new development should provide? House Types
- 3. The Council will assess planning applications to ensure that an appropriate mix of housing is delivered. What kind of homes do you think the new development should provide? House Size
- 4. The Council will assess planning applications to ensure that an appropriate mix of housing is delivered. What kind of homes do you think the new development should provide? Tenure

To help answer these questions we did the following things (e.g. service user or staff consultation, data analysis, research etc):

- 1. Present the vision within the public consultation questionnaire, quantify the number of respondents that answer 'yes', 'no' and 'don't know'
- 2. Present a number of options within the public consultation questionnaire (house type bungalow, apartment, terrace, semi-detached, detached). Asked participants to tick three options for house type preference. Allows the analysis of data and cross referencing with the Council's housing needs assessment for the area
- 3. Present a number of options within the public consultation questionnaire (house size one bed, two bed, three bed, four bed, five bed). Asked participants to tick three options for house size preference. Allows the analysis of data and cross referencing with the Council's housing needs assessment for the area
- 4. Present a number of options within the public consultation questionnaire (house type affordable rent and / or affordable home ownership, open market rent and/or owner occupation, mix of both). Asked participants to tick three options for housing tenure preference. Allows the analysis of data and cross referencing with the Council's housing needs assessment for the area

Stage 5 - Potential impact on different groups

Considering the evidence above, state the likely impact the proposal will have on people with different protected characteristics

(state if negative impact is substantial and highlight with red text)

Negative (and potentially positive) impacts identified will need to form part of your action plan.

Protected characteristic	Negative '-'	Positive '+'	No impact	Don't know	Details
Sex			х		It is not anticipated that the proposals would impact on gender.
Age				х	Consultation responses will be monitored as a wide range of response is hoped for.
Disabled Learning disability, Physical disability, Sensory Impairment, Deaf People ,invisible illness, Mental Health etc				х	Consultation responses received from people with a disability will be monitored.
Race				х	Consultation responses will be monitored against the baseline demographics to ensure that we reach all members of the community.
Religion & Belief			х		
Sexual orientation			х		
Gender Reassignment			х		
Marriage / civil partnership		N/A	х		
Pregnancy / maternity			х		

Other gr	roups vou	may wai	nt to c	onsider
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	Negative	Positive	No impact	Don't know	Details
Ex services				x	The inclusion of affordable housing within the proposal may be welcomed.
Lower socio- economic		х			The proposals within the masterplan framework will include affordable housing. This may be welcomed by some individuals.
Other					

Stage 6 - BMBC Minimum access standards

If the proposal relates to the delivery of a new service, please refer to the Customer minimum access standards self-assessment (found at)

If not, move to Stage 7.	+ live	
Please use the action	Not yet live	taken to ensure the new
service complie		casonable adjustments for disabled people.
☐ The proposal will meet the	e minimum access stand	lards.
☐ The proposal will not mee	t the minimum access s	tandards. –provide rationale below.

Stage 7 – Action plan

To improve your knowledge about the equality impact . . .

Actions could include: community engagement with affected groups, analysis of performance data, service equality monitoring, stakeholder focus group etc.

Action we will take:	Lead Officer	Completion date
Community engagement with groups that are underrepresented within consultation responses – this will be established through monitoring responses weekly	Lucie McCarthy	Community engagement team were unable to offer support due to COVID- 19 resourcing issues. All community groups that were known of were informed of the consultation. 7/5/2020
Consider consultation events having longer sessions to ensure that as many people as possible can attend eg outside of work hours	Lucie McCarthy	Consultation events were held online and over the telephone for those without internet access/unsure of the technology. These were held on a variety of days and times to maximise attendance. 15/05/2020
Offer information in different formats on request	Lucie McCarthy	5/05/2020
Ensure all physical locations hosting information are accessible – ensure the one copy of the information is in large format	Lucie McCarthy	All physical locations accessible, contact details left with organisations to request additional copies. Contact details on publicity material to request alternative

		versions. These had to be takeaway options due to COVID-19 restrictions.
Requests for hard copy information	Lucie McCarthy	Due to COVID-19, as post delivery was slower, copies were handed delivered to those who requested copies. Last copies were delivered on closure of the consultation.
Clarity over the masterplan framework proposals	Lucie McCarthy	A contact number was available to discuss the plans with an officer. Telephone appointments were offered when accessing the information was difficult.

To improve or mitigate the equality impact . . .

Actions could include: altering the policy to protect affected group, limiting scope of proposed change, reviewing actual impact in future, phasing-in changes over period of time, monitor service provider performance indicators, etc.

Action we will take:	Lead Officer	Completion date
Increase social media presence if responses from younger age categories are low	Lucie McCarthy	Social media was used extensively throughout the consultation deadline.
Encourage households without English as a main language to contribute through targeted sessions	Lucie McCarthy	All materials provided contact details to request the information in alternative formats.

To meet the minimum access standards . . . (if relevant)

Actions could include: running focus group with disability forum, amend tender specification, amend business plan to request extra 'accessibility' funding, produce separate MAS action plan, etc.

Action we will take Not yet live	Completion date

Stage 8 - Assessment findings

Please summarise how different protected groups are likely to be affected

Summary of equality impact

Sex - The majority of male respondents do not support the vision, have a preference for bungalows, semi-detached and detached properties, with 2,3 & 4 beds and mixed tenure. The majority of female respondents do not support the vision, have a preference for bungalows, semi-detached and detached properties with 1, 4 & 5 bedrooms and open market housing. The Masterplan Framework will deliver a range of property types and sizes and therefore will cater for these preferences.

Disability - The majority if people with a disability do not support the vision, have a preference for bungalows, semi-detached & detached properties with a full range of bedroom numbers and support open market and affordable housing for a mixed tenure. The Masterplan Framework will deliver a range of property types and sizes and therefore will cater for these preferences.

Ethnicity - Feedback from BME people was limited. It is anticipated that this is low due to the level of ethnic diversity in this area.

Of the responses that were received, all Asian or Asian Mixed respondents do not support the vision, have a preference for bungalows, semi-detached & detached, 3/4/5 bed properties and a mix of tenures. All those identifying as any other ethnic groups or mixed/multiple ethnic groups did not support the vision, have a preference for bungalows, semi-detached &detached properties, from 1 bed to 5 beds and mix of tenure. The Masterplan Framework will deliver a range of property types and sizes and therefore will cater for these preferences

Age – Lowest support from age groups 19-24 & 35-44. The sites are allocated in the Local Plan therefore the principle of development has been established. It is anticipated that there is perhaps a misconception that resistance to the overall vision of the Masterplan Framework will stop development.

Summary of next steps

The consultation was successful in its aim of making the community aware of the masterplan framework proposals. The consultation received completed surveys than Hoyland North (79) undertaken 2019 and Hoyland South (also 79) which was consulted on during summer 2020.

Whilst the masterplan framework was not supported, this has arisen from the principle of developing the site not being supported, rather than the content of the masterplan framework. Therefore a section will be included in the Masterplan Framework which confirms that the sites have been allocated in the Local Plan and that this vision relates to the Masterplan Framework.

A further action would be to review the updated SHMA (when available) to see how the data collected correlates.

Signature (officer responsible for EIA) Date

Lucie McCarthy 13/09/2020

** EIA now complete **

Stage 9 – Assessment Review

(This is the post implementation review of the EIA based on date in Stage 1 if applicable)

What information did you obtain and what does that tell us about equality of outcomes for different groups?

The overall response (113 respondents) was split between 'yes' (25), 'no' (80), 'don't know' (8) . We suspect that the underlying reason for the negative response relates to individuals objection to the principle of development rather than the vision of the Masterplan Framework.

Gender:

- 25 male respondents (7 x yes, 15 x no, 3 don't know)
- 20 female respondents (3 x yes, 16 x no, 1 x don't know)
- 68 respondents preferred not to share their gender 14x yes, 48 x no, 5 x don't know)

Age:

- Highest level of support from age groups 65+, 45-54 and 55-64
- Lowest level of support from age groups 19-24 and 35-44

Disability:

- All of those identified as 'limited a little' by disability do not support the vision (100%)
- All respondents identified 'limited a lot' by disability do not support the vision (100%)
- The majority of respondents 'not affected by disability' do not support the vision (60%)

Ethnicity:

- The majority of people identifying as British, English, Scottish, Welsh, or Northern Irish did not support the vision (71%)
- All those identifying as Asian or Asian British did support the vision (100%)
- 2. The Council will assess planning applications to ensure that an appropriate mix of housing is delivered. What kind of homes do you think the new development should provide? House Types Gender:
- Male response in order of preference (top three): bungalow, semi-detached & detached (65%)
- Female response in order of preference (top three): bungalow, semi-detached & detached (63%)

• 'Preferred not to state gender' response in order of preference (top three): bungalow, semi-detached & detached (60%)

Age:

- Age group 19-24 had greatest preference for bungalow, semi-detached & detached (100%)
- Age group 25-34 had greatest preference for bungalow, semi-detached & detached (100%)
- Age group 35-44 had greatest preference for bungalow, semi-detached & detached (50%)
- Age group 45-54 had greatest preference for bungalow, semi-detached & detached (56%)
- Age group 55-64 had greatest preference for bungalow, semi-detached & detached (50%)
- Age group 65+ had greatest preference for bungalow, semi-detached & detached (60%)

Disability:

- People 'limited a little' by disability had preference for bungalows, semi-detached & detached (100%)
- Majority of people 'limited a lot' by disability had preference for bungalows, semi-detached & detached (100%)
- Respondents not affected by disability had the greatest preference for bungalows, semi-detached & detached (57%)

Ethnicity:

- Respondents identifying as British, English, Scottish, Welsh, or Northern Irish had greatest preference for bungalows, semi-detached & detached (100%)
- Respondents identifying as Asian or Asian British had greatest preference for bungalows, semi-detached & detached (100%).

The Council will assess planning applications to ensure that an appropriate mix of housing is delivered. What kind of homes do you think the new development should provide? House size

Gender:

- Male response in order of preference, 2 bed, 3 bed and 4 bed (46%)
- Female response in order of preference 1 bed, 4 bed and 5 bed (100%)
- 'Preferred not to state gender' response in order of preference 1 bed, 2 bed and 3 bed (44%)

Age:

- Age group 19-24 had greatest preference for 1 bed, 4 bed & 5 bed (50%) and 1 bed, 2 bed & 3 bed (50%)
- Age group 25-34 had greatest preference for 2 bed, 3 bed & 4 bed (63%)
- Age group 35-44 had split preference between 2, 3 & 4 bed, 1,2 &3 and 3,4& 5 bed
- Age group 45-54 had greatest preference for 2,3 &4 beds (44%)
- Age group 55-64 had greatest preference for 2,3 &4 beds (50%)
- Age group 65+ had greatest preference for 1, 2& 3 beds (56%)

Disability:

- People 'limited a little' by disability had the greatest preference for 3, 4 & 5 bed (50%) and 2, 3 and bed (50%)
- Respondents 'limited a lot' by disability had the greatest preference for 1, 2 & 3 beds (100%)
- Respondents not affected by disability had the greatest preference for 2, 3 & 4 beds (43%) and 1, 2 & 3 beds (31%).

Ethnicity:

- Respondents identifying as British, English, Scottish, Welsh, or Northern Irish had greatest preference for 2, 3 & 4 beds (50%) and 1, 4 & 5 beds (50%)
- Respondents identifying as Asian or Asian British had greatest preference for 3, 4 and 5 beds (100%)
- 4. The Council will assess planning applications to ensure that an appropriate mix of housing is delivered. What kind of homes do you think the new development should provide? Housing tenure

Gender:

- Male preference: mix of both (50%)
- Female preference: affordable (37%)
- Prefer not to say: open market (43%)

Age:

- 19-24 had a split preference between open market (50%) and affordable housing (50%)
- 25-34 had a preference for affordable housing (50%)
- 35-44 had a preference for a mix of both (83%)
- 45-54 had a preference for a mix of both (67%)
- 55-64 had a split preference between open market (38%) and affordable housing (38%)
- 65+ had a preference for open market (67%)

Disability:

- Majority of people 'limited a little' by disability had an equal preference for open market (50%) and affordable housing (50%)
- Responded 'limited a lot' by disability had a preference for open market housing 100%
- Respondents not affected by disability had the greatest preference for a mix of both (46%)

Ethnicity:

- Respondents identifying as British, English, Scottish, Welsh, or Northern Irish had an equal preference for mix of both (50%) and open market (50%)
- Respondents identifying as Asian or Asian British had greatest preference for a mix of both (100%)